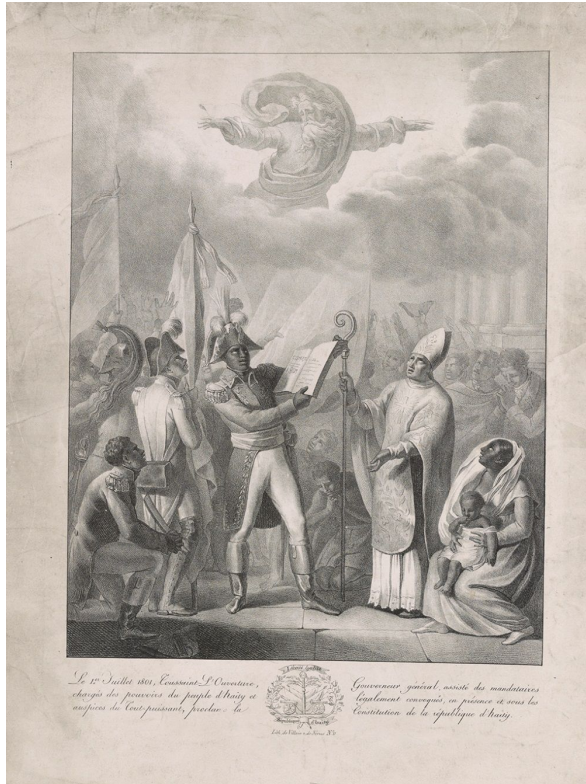



AP Quiz Chapter 28

1. The guiding principles of the French Revolution are summed up in the phrase
 - a. "no taxation without representation."
 - b. "peace, bread, land."
 - c. "let them eat cake."
 - d. "all men are created equal."
 - e. "liberty, equality, fraternity."
2. The Declaration of Independence's contractual view of political structure, in which the government drew its authority from "the consent of the governed," was influenced most heavily by
 - a. Edmund Burke.
 - b. John Locke.
 - c. John Stuart Mill.
 - d. William Wilberforce.
 - e. Voltaire.
3. In the years leading up to the American revolution, the colonies responded to increasing British levies with the slogan
 - a. "liberty, equality, fraternity."
 - b. "equal rights for women."
 - c. "self-government now."
 - d. "free and independent states."
 - e. "no taxation without representation."
4. In August 1789, the National Assembly expressed the guiding principles of the French revolution by issuing
 - a. the Declaration of Independence.
 - b. the French Constitution of 1789.
 - c. the *Declaration of the Rights of Man and the Citizen*.
 - d. the *Declaration of the Rights of Woman and the Female Citizen*.
 - e. *The Social Contract*.
5. Revolutionaries of the late eighteenth and early nineteenth century
 - a. were able to destroy all vestiges of the *ancien régime*.
 - b. were mainly influenced by Marxist ideology.
 - c. argued for the necessity of popular sovereignty.
 - d. accepted the legitimacy of the divine right of kings.
 - e. always stressed the inherent equality between men and women.



6.  The visual contains information regarding the Haitian Revolution. All of the following statements about the point of view of the artist can be evaluated except
- the central figure is holding a document
 - the Catholic cardinal has raised his eyes to heaven
 - the image of God disapproves of the Haitian Revolution
 - several of the individuals depicted are kneeling
 - the two soldiers are wearing hats and dressed in European style
7. Which of the following statements is true of Point of View?
- Point of View can be influenced by the artist's religious ideology.
 - Point of View can be influenced by the speaker's gender.
 - Point of View can be influenced by the intended audience.
 - Point of View can be influenced by the author's educational level.
 - ALL of the above are correct statements about Point of View.
8. The following questions 8 and 9 refers to the excerpt below from the Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen, France, 1789.

The representatives of the French people, organized as a National Assembly, believing that the ignorance, neglect, or contempt of the rights of man are the

sole causes of public calamities and of the corruption of governments, have determined to set forth in a solemn declaration the natural, inalienable, and sacred rights of man, in order that this declaration, being constantly before all the members of the social body, shall remind them continually of their rights and duties; in order that the acts of the legislative power, as well as those of the executive power, may be compared at any moment with the objects and purposes of all political institutions and may thus be more respected; and, lastly, in order that the grievances of the citizens, based hereafter upon simple and incontestable principles, shall tend to the maintenance of the constitution and redound to the happiness of all.

— From Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen, 1789.

- a. Based on the excerpt, the French people most likely were seeking to form a government whose political authority comes from which of the following?
 - b. Established social hierarchies
 - c. Powers of the *ancien régime*
 - d. Consent and will of the people
 - e. Ecclesiastical traditions
9. The political concepts represented in the excerpt best reflect the greatest influence of which of the following?
- a. Republicanism
 - b. Enlightenment ideals
 - c. The Renaissance
 - d. Enlightened absolutism
10. The German leader Otto von Bismarck believed that the great issues of his day would be determined by
- a. "class struggle."
 - b. "liberty, equality, fraternity."
 - c. "the resurgence of the *ancien régime*."
 - d. "blood and iron."
 - e. "the realization of freedom."